

MAY 2 0 1971 NASA Review Completed. NRO review(s) completed. Honorable Heary A. Kissinger MEMORANDUM FOR: Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs SUBJECT: 15 Earth Orbital Contingency Mission 1. Memo dated April 3, 1970, from Mr. Shapley to References: Members of the 40 Committee, subject: Apollo 13 25X1 Karth Orbital Contingency Mission 2. Memorandum for the Record dated 10 April 1970 re 25X1 approval of above request 3. Memo dated Nov. 19, 1970, from Mr. Krueger to Mr. Frank Chapin, Executive Secretary, 40 Committee, subject: 14 Earth Observation 25X1 Contingency Mission Plan As we have done in the past, we are planning for an earth orbital contingency mission in the unlikely event that was 15, now scheduled for launch to the moon on 26 July 1971, cannot continue to the moon from earth orbit, but can safely stay in earth orbit and perform useful experimentation. This contingency would offer a unique opportunity to acquire earth survey photography in support of the NASA Earth Resources Survey Program. NASA 25X We plan to optimize photographic coverage of the United States and 25X1 contiguous areas and plan to operate all the on-board photographic systems in consonance with 40 Committee approvals for Apollos 13 and 14. This docum No. Copies, Strice OFFICIAL FILE COPY CONCURRENCES OFFICE CODE INITIALS >

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James C. Fletcher Administrator				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20546

REPLY TO ATTH OF: MAO

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MEMORANDUM

M/Associate Administrator for Manned Space Flight

FROM:

MA/Apollo Program Director

SUBJECT: Apollo 15 Contingency Mission Planning

Contingency plans are being developed, as they were for past Apollo lunar missions, for the unlikely event that Apollo 15, scheduled for launch in late July of 1971, achieves earth orbit successfully, but is unable to meet the GO criteria for carrying out the translunar injection burn.

In studying possible earth orbital contingency missions, we noted that alternate earth orbital parameters maximize only the potential results of the earth's resources photography. All other experiments, except using the X-ray for galatic survey, will either be saturated or will not provide meaningful data. Therefore, unless photographic tasks were conducted, an earth orbital mission would have little scientific merit.

In the case of earth resources photography, the major equipment to be used would be the ITEK 24-inch focal length panoramic camera and the Fairchild 3-inch focal-length stellar-index mapping camera, both of which are mounted outside of the Command Module in the scientific instrument bay of the Apollo Service Module. This camera package has been developed for high-quality lunar surface photography from lunar orbital altitudes of 60 to 80 nautical milos.

Given a class of mission failure which permits the crew to remain without danger in earth orbit for up to six days, the earth photography contingency mission would be conducted at an altitude of 230 nautical miles in order to accommodate the slower forward motion compensation rates built into the ITEK optical bar for the lunar mission. The orbital inclination would be increased to 40° and solar illumination conditions selected to provide the greatest possible coverage of the United States. The same contingency plan is expected to apply to Apollos 16 and 17 scheduled for 1972.

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NASA 25X

filter is always used in high altitude earth photography to minimize the deleterious effects of haze and blue scattered light on system performance. The lunar photographic system on Apollo 15 does not have such a filter, thus the above performance will be degraded because of loss in scene contrast and thus loss in ground resolution.

The objectives of this contingency mission would be to acquire relatively high resolution coverage of the United States and contiguous areas, for evaluation by the scientific and earth resources management communities as an adjunct to the interagency Earth Resources Survey Program. This program includes remote sensing aircraft, the Earth Resources Technology Satellite project, and the Earth Resources Experiment Package on the manned Skylab.

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Rocco A. Petrone

